

Our Mission: To improve the communities we serve for the better

#### Vision:

Challenging educational orthodoxies so that every child makes good progress in core subjects; all teachers are committed to personal improvement and fulfil their responsibilities; all children receive a broad and balanced curriculum; all academies strive to be outstanding.

# Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) Policy

Written by	ESLT
Date for Review	
Approving Body	The Strategic Development Committee
Signed Chair of Trustees	

#### **Aims**

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- ➤ Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- > Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

## **Statutory Requirements**

As a primary academy school, we must provide relationships education to all pupils in accordance with section 34 of the Children and Social work act 2017.

We are expected to offer all pupils a curriculum that is similar to the National Curriculum, including requirements to teach science, which would include the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum. In teaching RSE, we are required by our funding agreements to have regard to guidance issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the Education Act 1996.

At The St Augustine's Academy, we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

#### **Policy Development**

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review a working group pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance;
- 2. Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations;
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were invited to give their comments about the policy;
- 4. Pupil consultation we investigated what exactly pupils want from their RSE;
- 5. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified.

#### **Definition**

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

#### Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1, but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so children are fully informed and do not seek answers online.

Primary sex education will focus on preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

# **Delivery of RSE**

RSE is taught in a cross-curricular approach, alongside the science curriculum, PSHE, ICT, RE, assemblies, school values and golden threads.

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- > Families and people who care for me
- > Caring friendships
- > Respectful relationships
- > Online relationships
- Being safe

Across all Key Stages, pupils will be supported with developing the following skills:

- Communication, including how to manage changing relationships and emotions;
- > Recognising and assessing potential risks;
- Assertiveness;
- > Seeking help and support when required;
- > Informed decision-making;
- > Self-respect and empathy for others;
- Recognising and maximising a healthy lifestyle;

- Managing conflict;
- > Discussion and group work.

In The St Augustine's Academy, we follow the Coram Life Education, SCARF programme. For each year group, six themed units provide a complete PSHE and wellbeing curriculum, including mental health and Relationships and Sex Education (RSE), along with related assessment tools. This is a whole school approach to teaching PSHE and RSE.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life, taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances. (Families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures). We are also sensitive to the fact that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

## **Roles and Responsibilities**

#### The Board of Trustees

The Board of Trustees has approved this policy and will hold the Principal of each academy to account for its implementation.

# **The Principal**

The Principal of each academy is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from any non-statutory components of RSE.

#### **Staff**

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way;
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE;
- Monitoring progress;
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils;
- > Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non-statutory components of RSE.

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the Principal.

#### **Pupils**

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

# Parents' Right to Withdraw

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory components of RSE. Before doing so, parents are encouraged to talk to the class teacher and/or view teaching resources in order to inform any decisions regarding withdrawing their child. Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing and addressed to the Principal. A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the pupil's educational record. The Principal will discuss the request with parents and take appropriate action. Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from RSE. The RSE curriculum will be shared with parents to ensure coverage if pupils are withdraw. The RSE policy will be shared with any parents who wish to withdraw their child.

## **Training**

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The Principal will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE where required.

# **Monitoring**

The delivery of RSE is monitored by the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) through planning and book scrutinies, learning walks and pupil voice.

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by Trustees on an annual basis. At each review, the policy will be approved by the Board of Trustees.

# Appendix 1: Scheme of Work for Years Reception to Year 6

# THE ST AUGUSTINE'S ACADEMY RSE COVERAGE DOCUMENT

Sugo	GESTED outcomes: <i>Pupils should know</i>	Coram Life Education Lesson	Other ways this will be covered in the curriculum
REL	ATIONSHIPS EDUCATION		
Fam	ilies and people who care for me		
1a	That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security, and stability.	1 Who are our special people? 2 My special people 3 Family and friends 4 Friend or acquaintance 4 My feelings are all over 6 Advertising friendships	RE curriculum
1b	The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives.	1 Who are our special people? 1 Taking care of a baby 2 My special people 3 Family and friends Looking after our special people 4 Friend or acquaintance 4 My feelings are all over 6 Dan's day 6 Helpful or unhelpful?	
1c	That others' either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.	1 Same or different 1 Who are our special people? 1 Our special people balloons 2 My special people 3 Family and friends 3 Let's celebrate our differences 4 What would I do? 4 The people we share 4 My feelings are all over 4 Together 6 Don't force me	
1d	That stable, caring relationships, which may be different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.	1 Same or different	
1e	That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong.	4 Together 6 Don't force me	
1f	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.	1 Who can help? 1 Good or bad touches 1 Surprises and secrets 6 Don't force me 6 Helpful or unhelpful?	
Cari	ng Friendships	A A	
2a	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people		These issues will be also be covered through

	choose and make friends.	3 Looking after our special people	talking to children,
		3 Friends are special	getting to know the
		3 Relationship tree	children well and in
		4 Can you sort it?	specific PSHE activities
		4 Friend or acquaintance?	when they arise.
		5 How good a friend are you?	
		5 Qualities of friendship	
		5 It could happen to anyone	
		6 Advertising friendships	
2b	The characteristics of friendships,	1 Good friends	
	including mutual respect,	1 How are you listening?	
	truthfulness, trustworthiness,	1 Who can help?	
	loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust,	1 Unkind, tease or bully?	
	sharing interests and experiences	1 Pass on the praise	
	and support with	1 It's not fair!	
	problems and difficulties.	1 Harold has a bad day	
		2 Being a good friend	
		3 Looking after our special people	
		3 Friends are special	
		3 Relationship tree	
		4 An email from Harold!	
		4 Ok or not ok?	
		4 Can you sort it?	
		4 Friend or acquaintance	
		4 Making choices	
		5 Give and Take	
		5 How good a friend are you?	
		5 Cake recipe	
		5 Being assertive	
		5 Qualities of friendship	
		5 It could happen to anyone 6 Solve the problem	
		6 Dan's day	
		6 Ok to be different	
		6 Advertising friendships	
		6 What's the risk?	
2c	That healthy friendships are positive	1 Good friends	
	and welcoming towards others, and	1 Who can help?	
	do not make others feel lonely or	1 Unkind, tease or bully?	
	excluded.	1 It's not fair!	
		2 Being a good friend	
		2 A helping hand	
		2 An act of kindness	
		3 How can we solve this problem?	
		4 An email from Harold!	
		4 Ok or not ok?	
1		4 Can you sort it?	
1		4 Keeping ourselves safe	
1		5 Give and Take	
1		5 How good a friend are you?	
		5 Cake recipe	
		5 Being assertive	
		5 Qualities of friendship	
		5 The Land of the Red People	
		5 It could happen to anyone	
		6 Solve the problem	
		o soive the problem	

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		6 Dan's day
		6 Advertising friendships
		6 What's the risk?
2d	That most friendships have ups and	1 Who can help
	downs, and that these can be worked	1 Surprises and secrets
	through so that the friendship is repaired	1 How are you listening?
	or even strengthened, and that resorting	1 Unkind, tease or bully?
	to violence is never right.	1 It's not fair!
	to violence is never right.	1 Harold has a bad day
		•
		2 Solve the problem
		3 Friends are special
		3 How can we solve this problem?
		4 Ok or not ok?
		4 Can you sort it?
		4 What would I do?
		5 How good a friend are you?
		5 Cake recipe 5 Qualities of friendship
		6 Solve the friendship problem
		6 Advertising friendships
2e	How to recognise who to trust and	1 How are you listening?
26	who not to trust, how to judge	
	when a friendship is making them	1 Pass on the praise
	feel unhappy or uncomfortable,	2 Solve the problem
	~ ~ ~	2 Getting on with others
	managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek	3 Relationship tree
		4 Ok or not ok?
	help or advice from others, if	4 Can you sort it?
	needed.	4 What would I do?
		4 Islands
		4 Keeping ourselves safe
		4 How dare you?
		5 Cake recipe
		5 Being assertive
		5 Qualities of friendship 5 It could happen to anyone
		5 Ella's dilemma
		6 Solve the friendship problem
		6 Assertiveness skills
		6 What's the risk?
		6 Advertising friendships
		o naver asing intellasinps

Resp	Respectful Relationships		
3a	Theimportance of respecting others, even when they are very different from	1 Same or different 1 How are you listening?	RE curriculum
	them(forexample,physically,in character, personality or backgrounds), ormake different choices or have different preferences or beliefs.	1 Pass on the praise 2 What makes us who we are? 3 Let's celebrate our differences 3 Zeb 3 Respect and challenge 3 Our friends and neighbours 3 How can we solve this problem? 3 Thunks 3 For or against? 4 Ok or not ok?	Assemblies and Forge Trust Values  Embedded through use of rules and good adult role modelling  Assemblies and Forge

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		4 Under pressure	Trust Values
		4 Can you sort it?	
		4 Friend or acquaintance	
		4 What would I do?	
		4 The people we share	
		4 What makes me ME	
		5 Being assertive	
		5 Qualities of friendship	
		5 Kind conversations	
		5 Happy being me	
		5 The Land of the Red People	
		5 Is it true?	
		5 Spot bullying	
		5 Stop, start, stereotypes	
		6 Assertiveness skills	
		6 Behave yourself	
		6 Don't force me	
		6 Ok to be different	
		6 We have more in common	
		6 Respecting differences	
		6 tolerance and respect	
		6 Boys will be boys?	
		6 What's the risk?	
		6 I look great!	
3b	Practical steps they can take in a	1 Same or different	
	range of different contexts to	1 It's not fair	
	improve or support respectful	1 Harold has a bad day	
	relationships.	1 Why we have classroom rules	
		2 What makes us who we are? 2 How do	
		we make others feel?	
		2 An act of kindness	
		2 Our ideal classroom 1	
		3 Let's celebrate our differences	
		3 Our friends and neighbours 3 Thunks	
		3 For or against?	
		4 Ok or not ok? 4 Human machines	
		4 Can you sort it?	
		4 What would I do?	
		4 The people we share	
		4 What makes me ME	
		5 Qualities of friendship	
		5 Kind conversations	
		5 Happy being me	
		5 The Land of the Red People	
		5 Is it true?	
		5 Ella's dilemma	
		6 Assertiveness skills	
		6 Behave yourself	
		6 Respecting differences	
		6 Tolerance and respect	
		6 Boys will be boys?	
2 -	The convention - C	6 I look great!	-
3c	The conventions of courtesy and manners.	1 Why we have classroom rules	
		1 It's not fair	

		1 Harold's school rules	
		1 Harold has a bad day	
		1 Why we have classroom rules	
		2 An act of kindness	
		2 Getting on with others	
		2 Our ideal classroom 2	
		3 Respect and challenge	
		3 Thunks	
		3 For or against?	
		4 What would I do?	
		4 In the news	
		5 Cake recipe	
		5 Qualities of friendship	
		5 Happy being me	
		6 Respecting differences	
3d	The importance of self-respect and how	4 How dare you?	
	this links to their own happiness.	4 Keeping ourselves safe	
		5 Cake recipe	
		5 Qualities of friendship	
		5 Kind conversations	
		5 Happy being me	
		5 The Land of the Red People	
		5 Ella's dilemma	
		6 Assertiveness skills	
		6 Behave yourself 6 What's the risk?	
2.0	That in school and in wider society	6 I look great!	-
3e	1	1 Who can help	
	they can expect to be treated with	1 Unkind, tease or bully	
	respect by others, and that in turn	1 Harold's school rules	Anti-Bullying Week
	they should show due respect to	1 Pass on the praise	
	others, including those in positions	1 Harold has a bad day	
	of authority.	2 Getting on with others	
		2 Don't do that!	
		2 Bullying or teasing?	
		2 Types of bullying	
		3 Zeb	
		4 Ok or not ok?	
		4 Can you sort it?	
		4 What would I do?	
		4 The people we share	
		4 Safety in numbers	
		5 Cake recipe	
		5 Qualities of friendship	
		5 Kind conversations	
		5 Happy being me	
		5 The Land of the Red People	
		5 Ella's dilemma	
		5 Taking notice of our feelings	
		6 Assertiveness skills	
		6 Behave yourself 6 Don't force me	
		6 Acting appropriately	
		6 We have more in common	
		<ul><li>6 Respecting differences</li><li>6 Tolerance and respect</li></ul>	
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	relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous.	3 Let's celebrate our differences 3 Zeb 3 None of your business 3 Relationship tree	
4b	That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to- face	3 I am fantastic! 5 Spot bullying 6 Pressure online 6 Fakebook friends 1 Sharing pictures 2 Playing games	
4a	That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not.	1 Sharing pictures 2 Playing games 3 None of your business	Computing Curriculum
Online	Relationships		
Onlino	Palationchine	6 It's a puzzle 6 Think before you click! 6 Fakebook friends	
		6 Assertiveness skills 6 Don't force me	
		5 Growing up and changing bodies	
		5 Ella's dilemma	
		4 Islands	
		2 I don't like that! 3 None of your business	
	and adults.	1 Who can help	
	giving in relationships with friends, peers	1 Sharing pictures	
3h	The importance of permission-seeking and		
		6 Two sides to every story	
		6 Boys will be boys?	
		5 Is it true? 5 Stop, start, stereotypes	
		5 Happy being me	
		4 That is such a stereotype	
_	can beunfair, negative or destructive.	3 Zeb	
3g	Whatastereotypeis, and howstereotypes	3 Family and friends	
		6 What's the risk?	
		6 Boys will be boys?	
		6 Ok to be different 6 We have more in common	
		6 Acting appropriately	
		6 Behave yourself	
		5 Stop, start, stereotypes	
		5 Happy being me 5 Is it true?	
		4 Safety in numbers	
		4 Keeping ourselves safe	
		4 How dare you?	
		4 Under pressure 4 What would I do?	
		3 Let's celebrate our differences	
	to get help.	2 Types of bullying	
	reporting bullying to an adult) and how	2 Bullying or teasing?	
	(primarily	2 Don't do that!	
	bullying, responsibilities of bystanders	2 Getting on with others	
	(including cyberbullying), the impact of	1 Unkind, tease or bully	
3f	About different types of bullying	1 Who can help	

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		4 How do we make a difference?	
		5 Communication	
		5 Is it true?	
		5 Spot bullying	
		6 It's a puzzle	
		6 Think before you click	
4c	Rules and principles for keeping safe	1 Sharing pictures	
	online, how to recognize risks, harmful	2 Playing games	
	content and contact, and how to report	3 None of your business	
	them.	3 Super searcher	
	them.	4 Picture wise	
		5 Is it true?	
		5 Spot bullying	
		6 It's a puzzle	
		6 Think before you click	
		6 Traffic lights	
		6 Pressure online	
4d	How to critically consider their online	1 Sharing pictures	
	friendships and sources of information	2 Playing games	
	including awareness of the risks associated	3 None of your business	
	with people they have never met.	3 Recount task	
		3 Super searcher	
		5 Is it true?	
		6 It's a puzzle	
		6 Think before you click	
		6 Pressure online	
4e	How information and data is shared and	1 Sharing pictures	
	used online.	2 Playing games	
		3 None of your business	
		3 Super searcher	
		4 Picture wise	
		5 Is it true?	
		5 Spot bullying	
		6 It's a puzzle	
		6 Traffic lights	
		6 Pressure online	
Being			
5a	What sorts of boundaries are appropriate	1 Good or bad touches	Computing curriculum
	in friendships with peers and others	1 Sharing pictures	
	(including in a digital context).	1 Harold's school rules	
		2 Playing games	
		2 How safe would you feel?	
		2 What should Harold say?	
		2 Fun or not?	
		2 Should I tell?	
		2 Some secrets should never be kept	
		3 None of your business	
		3 Raisin challenge (1)	
		3 Dan's dare	
		3 Safe or unsafe?	
		4 Secret or surprise	
		5 Is it true?	
		5 Ella's dilemma	
		5 Taking notice of our feelings	
		6 Acting appropriately	
		6 Pressure online	

About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.  1 Good or bad touches 1 Sharing pictures 2 Playing games 2 My body, your body 2 Respecting privacy 2 Should I tell? 2 Some secrets should never be kept 3 Body Space 3 Secret or surprise? 4 Secret or surprise 5 Ella's dilemma	
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3 Secret or surprise? 4 Secret or surprise 5 Ella's dilemma	
4 Secret or surprise 5 Ella's dilemma	
5 Ella's dilemma	
5 Growing up and changing bodies	
5 Dear Ash	
6 Acting appropriately	
6 Dear Ash	
5c That each person's body belongs to them, 1 Keeping privates private	
and the differences between appropriate  2 I don't like that!	
and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and 2 Fun or not?	
other, contact.  2 Some secrets should never be kept	
3 Body Space	
3 Danger or risk?	
4 Secret or surprise	
5 Taking notice of our feelings	
6 Acting appropriately	
6 To share or not to share?	
6 Pressure online	
5d How to respond safely and appropriately 2 I don't like that!	
to adults they may encounter (in all 2 What should Harold say?	
contexts, including online) whom they do  2 Some secrets should never be kept	
not know. 3 None of your business	
3 Safe or unsafe?	
4 Danger, risk, hazard?	
5 Taking notice of our feelings	
5 Dear Ash	
6 Acting appropriately	
6 Dear Ash	
6 Pressure online	
5e How to recognise and report feelings of 1 Who can help	
being unsafe or feeling bad about any 1 Thinking about feelings	
adult. 1 Our feelings	
1 Good or bad touches	
1 Respectful relationships	
2 How safe would you feel?	
2 Fun or not?	
2 Should I tell?	
3 None of your business	
3 Safe or unsafe?	
3 The risk robot	
4 Islands	
4 Danger, risk, hazard?	
5 Taking notice of our feelings	
5 Dear Ash	
6 Acting appropriately	
6 Dear Ash	

		6 Pressure online
5f	How to ask for advice or help for	1 Sharing pictures
	themselves or others, and to keep trying	1 Respectful relationships
	until they are heard.	2 Feeling safe
		2 Playing games
		3 Raisin challenge (1)
		4 Islands
		4 How dare you
		4 Who helps us stay healthy?
		5 Dear Ash
		6 Acting appropriately
		6 Dear Ash
		6 Behave yourself
5g	How to report concerns or abuse, and the	1 Good or bad touches
	vocabulary and confidence needed to do	1 Respectful relationships
	SO.	1 Keeping privates private
		2 Feeling safe
		4 Who helps us stay healthy? 4 All change
		4 Secret or surprise
		5 Taking notice of our feelings
		5 Dear Ash
		6 Don't force me
		6 Acting appropriately
		6 Dear Ash
		6 To share or not to share?
<b>-1.</b>	TITL	6 Is this normal?
5h	Where to get advice e.g. family, school	1 Good or bad touches
	and/or other sources.	1 Respectful relationships
		2 Feeling safe
		3 Helping each other to stay safe
		4 Who helps us stay healthy?
		5 Taking notice of our feelings 5 Dear Ash
		6 Acting appropriately 6 Dear Ash
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HEALT	TH EDUCATION		
Menta	l wellbeing		
6a	That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.	1 Our feelings 4 Different feelings 5 How good a friend are you? 6 Dan's day 6 Rat park 6 Fakebook friends 6 Five ways	Assemblies and Forge Trust Values Children's Mental Health Awareness week – 7 <sup>th</sup> – 13 <sup>th</sup> February 2022
6b	That there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and	1 Harold loses Geoffrey 1 Thinking about feelings 1 Our feelings 1 Feelings and bodies 2 How are you feeling today?	

	<u> </u>		
	situations.	2 Let's all be happy!	
		2 I don't like that!	
		2 Some secrets should never be kept	
		2 Sam moves away	
		3 My special pet	
		4 Different feelings	
		4 Moving house	
		4 Secret or surprise	
		5 How good a friend are you?	
		5 Our emotional needs	
		5 How are they feeling?	
		6 Dan's day	
		6 helpful or unhelpful?	
6c	How to recognise and talk about their	1 Thinking about feelings	
	emotions, including having a varied	1 Our feelings	
	vocabulary of words to use when talking	1 Feelings and bodies	
	about their own and others' feelings.	2 How are you feeling today?	
		2 How do we make others feel?	
		2 An act of kindness	
		2 When I feel like erupting	
		2 My day	
		2 Harold's picnic	
		3 My special pet	
		4 An email from Harold	
		4 Ok or not ok?	
		4 Different feelings	
		4 When feelings change	
		4 Moving house	
		4 Secret or surprise	
		5 How good a friend are you?	
		5 Our emotional needs	
		5 How are they feeling?	
		6 Dan's day	
		6 Rat park	
		6 I look great!	
6d	How to judge whether what they are	1 Thinking about feelings	1
	feeling and how they are behaving is	1 Our feelings	
	appropriate and proportionate.	2 When I feel like erupting	
	F.F. Spring man Probability	3 My special pet	
		4 Different feelings	
		4 When feelings change	
		5 Our emotional needs	
		5 How are they feeling?	
		6 Dan's day	
		6 Rat park	
( -	The hones to a finite of the second of the s	6 Helpful or unhelpful?	PE Curriculum
6e	The benefits of physical exercise, time	2 Harold's picnic	
	outdoors, community, voluntary and	3 My community 3 Our helpful volunteers	
	service-based activity on mental wellbeing	5 Mo makes a difference	
	and happiness.		
		6 Rat park	
		6 Action stations	
		6 Five ways	1

6f	Simple self-care techniques, including the importance or rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.	<ul><li>1 Who are our special people?</li><li>1 Feelings and bodies</li><li>6 Advertising friendships</li><li>6 Rat park</li><li>6 Fice ways</li><li>6 Helpful or unhelpful?</li></ul>	
6g	Isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.	1 Thinking about feelings 1 Our feelings 1 Feelings and bodies 2 When someone is feeling left out 4 An email from Harold 6 Rat park 6 Five ways	
6h	That bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and lasting impact on mental wellbeing.	1 Unkind, tease or bully 3 Let's celebrate our differences 3 Zeb 4 Under pressure 5 Communication	Anti-Bullying Week
6i	Where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).	2 Let's all be happy! 4 Moving house 5 Our emotional needs 6 Helpful or unhelpful? 6 Rat park	
6j	It is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.		

nternet safety and harms		
That for most people the internet is an	1 Sharing pictures	Online Safety
integral part of life and has many	3 Super searcher	across all Year
benefits.	5 Play, like, share	Groups
	6 It's a puzzle	
		Computing
About the benefits of rationing time	4 Raisin challenge	Curriculum
spent online, the risks of excessive	4 That is such a stereotype	
time spent on electronic devices and	4 SCARF hotel	
the impact of positive and negative	5 Is it true?	
content online on their own and	5 Play, like, share	
others' mental and physical	6 Boys will be boys?	
wellbeing.	6 Five ways	
wenne.	6 Media manipulation	

7c	How to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private.	1 Sharing pictures 2 Playing games 3 None of your business 3 Super searcher 4 SCARF hotel 4 Picture wise 5 Is it true? 5 Play, like, share 6 It's a puzzle 6 Traffic lights 6 To share or not to share	
7d	Why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted.	3 As a rule 5 Spot bullying 5 Star qualities? 6 Think before you click! 6 Fakebook friends	
7e	That the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.	1 Sharing pictures 2 Playing games 3 Let's celebrate our differences 3 Zeb 3 None of your business 4 Under pressure 5 Is it true? 5 Play, like, share 6 It's a puzzle 6 Think before you click! 6 To share or not to share 6 Media manipulation	
7f	How to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected, and targeted.	3 Recount task 3 Super searcher 4 In the news 4 Raisin challenge 5 What's the story? 5 Fact or opinion? 5 Is it true? 6 Boys will be boys? 6 Two sides to every story 6 Fakebook friends	
7g	Where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.	1 Sharing pictures 2 Playing games 3 None of your business 4 In the news 5 Play, like, share 6 It's a puzzle 6 To share or not to share	
Changi	ng adolescent body		
8a	Key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.	1 Taking care of a baby 1 Then and now 2 Haven't you grown? 2. My body, your body 4 My feelings are all over 4 All change 4 Preparing for change 5 Changing bodies and feelings 5 Growing up and changing bodies	KS2 Science Curriculum

		6 Is this normal?	
		6 Making babies	
8b	About menstrual wellbeing	4 Preparing for change	
	including the key facts about the	5 Growing up and changing bodies	
	menstrual cycle.	6 Is this normal?	
Physic	al Health and Fitness	6 Making babies	
a Pa	The characteristics and mental and	1 Healthy me	On-going through PE
<i>7</i> <b>u</b>	physical benefits of an active	2 My body needs	and sporting
	lifestyle.	2 My body fieeds	activities from FS1-
9b	The importance of building regular	2 My day	Yr6
	exercise into daily and weekly	5 What's the story?	
	routines and how to achieve this;		Assemblies
	for example, walking or cycling to		Caian aa Cunniauluna
	school, a daily active mile or other		Science Curriculum
9c	forms of regular, vigorous exercise.  The risks associated with an	1 Healthy me	<del> </del>
J.C	inactive lifestyle (including obesity).	5 What's the story?	
	macere mestyle (meraning obesity).	5 What's the story:	
9d	How and when to seek support	4 Who helps us stay healthy	
	including which adults to speak to		
	in		
	school if they are worried about		
Haaltha	their health.		
10a	What constitutes a healthy diet	1 I can eat a rainbow	Science Curriculum
10a	(including understanding calories	1 Eat well	DT Curriculum
	and other nutritional content).	2 My day	Di Curriculum
	,	2 My body needs	
		3 Derek cooks dinner	
		4 Danger, risk, hazard?	
		4 SCARF hotel	
		5 What's the story?	
10b	The principles of planning and	1 I can eat a rainbow	
	preparing a range of healthy meals.	1 Eat well	
		3 Derek cooks dinner	
10.5	The characteristics of a near dist	4 SCARF hotel	
10c	The characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy	1 I can eat a rainbow 1 Eat well	
	eating (including, for example,	3 Alcohol and cigarettes: the facts	
	obesity and tooth decay) and other	3 Help or harm?	
	behaviours (e.g. the impact of	3 Derek cooks dinner	
	alcohol on diet or health).	4 Know the norms	
		4 SCARF hotel	
		6 What sort of drug is?	
		6 Drugs: it's the law!	
		6 Alcohol: what is normal?	
Drugs,	Alcohol and Tobacco		
11a	The facts about legal and illegal	1 What would Harold do?	
	harmful substances and associated	2 Harold's picnic	
	risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.	3 Alcohol and cigarettes: the facts	
	anu ur ug-taking.	3 Help or harm?	

		Emirir 1 (1.1)	
		5 Thinking about habits	
		5 Drugs: true or false?	
		5 Smoking: what is normal?	
		5 Getting fit	
		6 What sort of drug is?	
		6 Drugs: it's the law!	
		6 Alcohol: what is normal?	
		6 Rat park	
		6 What's the risk?	
Health a	nd Prevention		
12a	How to recognise early signs of		
	physical illness, such as weight loss,		Science Curriculum
	or unexplained changes to the body.		
12b	About safe and unsafe exposure to		
	the sun, and how to reduce the risk		Notices and Leaflets
	of sun damage, including skin		– Summer term
- 10	cancer.		_
12c	The importance of sufficient good	1 Healthy me	A
	quality sleep for good health and	1 Super sleep	Assemblies
i	that a lack of sleep can affect weight,	2 My body needs	
	mood and ability to learn.		_
12d	About dental health and the benefits	1 Harold's wash and brush up	Science Curriculum
	of good oral hygiene and dental	1 Healthy me	Science Curriculum
	flossing, including regular check-ups	2 Harold's bathroom	
	at the dentist.		Daily routines of
12e	About personal hygiene and germs	1 Harold's wash and brush up	good handwashing
	including bacteria, viruses, how	1 Catch it, bin it, kill it	good nanawashing
	they are spread and treated, and the	2 Harold's postcard – helping us to keep	
	importance of handwashing.	clean and healthy	
		3 Poorly Harold	
		4 Medicines: check the label	
		6 What is HIV?	
12f	The facts and science relating to	2 Harold's postcard – helping us to keep	1
_ <del></del>	allergies, immunisation and	clean and healthy	
	vaccination.		
Basic Fir	st Aid		
13a	How to make a clear and efficient	1 Basic first aid	
	call to emergency services if	2 Feeling safe	
	necessary.	3 Basic first aid	
		5 Basic first aid	
		6 Basic first aid	
13b	Concepts of basic first-aid, for	1 Basic first aid	1
	example dealing with common	3 Basic first aid	
	injuries, including head injuries.	4 Basic first aid	
	,,	5 Basic first aid	
		6 Basic first aid	

S1 S2 S3	<ul> <li>Key Stage 1 (age 5-7 years)</li> <li>Year 1 pupils should be taught to:         <ul> <li>identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense</li> </ul> </li> <li>Year 2 pupils should be taught to:         <ul> <li>notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults</li> </ul> </li> <li>describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene</li> </ul>	1 Taking care of a baby 1 Keeping privates private 1 Inside my wonderful body 1 Harold's wash and brush up 1 I can eat a rainbow 1 Eat well 1 Catch it, bin it, kill it 2 My body, your body 2 Harold's picnic 2 Harold's postcard – helping us to keep clean and healthy 2 Harold's bathroom 2 My body needs 2 What does my body do?
S4 S5	<ul> <li>Key Stage 2 (age 7-11 years)</li> <li>Year 5 pupils should be taught to:</li> <li>describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals</li> <li>describe the changes as humans develop to oldage</li> </ul>	
S6	Year 6 pupils should be taught to:	
30	recognisethatlivingthingsproduceoffspringofthesame kind, but normallyoffspringvaryandarenotidentical to their parents	